

Norwegian Mapping Authority Hydrographic Service

Marine Base Maps in Coastal Norway:

A Case for Developing Sustainable Blue Growth in Coastal Communities

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The Norwegian Coastal Areas

422 municipalities in Norway

279 COASTAL MUNICIPALITIES

- Coastal municipal administrative border: 12 nautical miles
- 100 915 km total coastline (with Islands)
- About 80% of the population live in the coastal municipalities

Government's Aspirations for Blue Growth

"The government will contribute to the greatest possible overall sustainable value creation and employment in the blue industry"

"...increase fivefold the export value of seafood by 2050"

"Government facilitates offshore wind farms in Norway"

"Norway will create increased international understanding of the ocean's economic importance, for sustainable use of the sea's resources and for clean and healthy seas as a source of increased value creation"

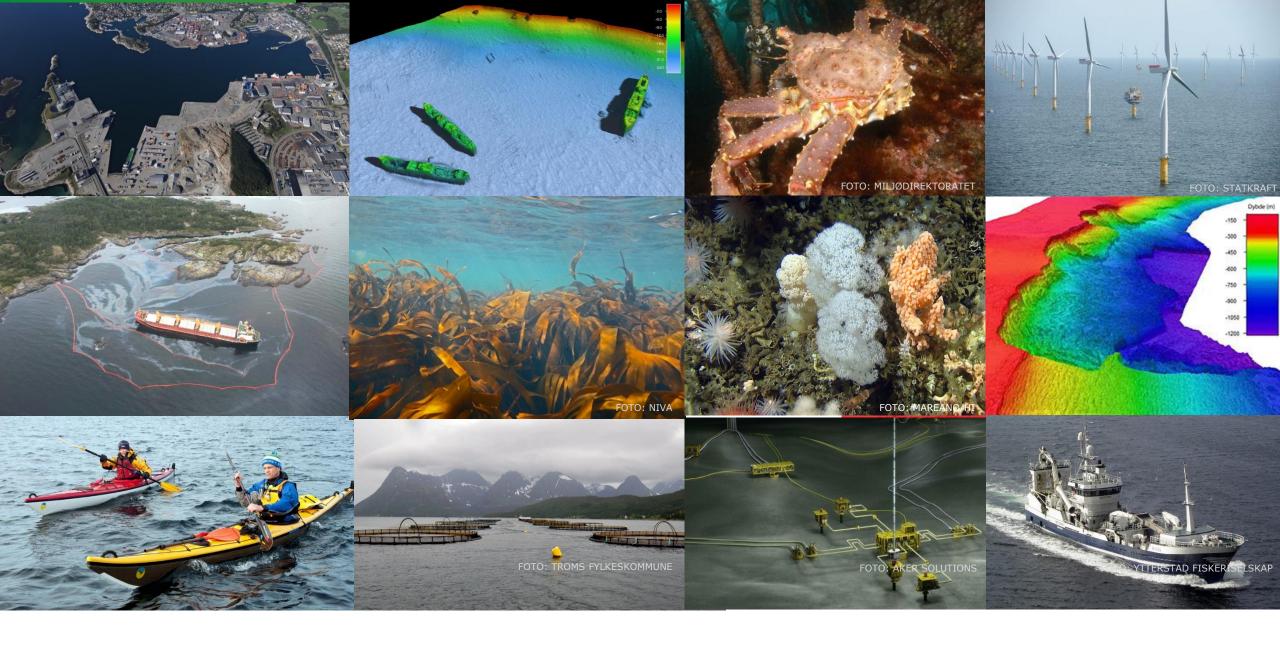
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Sustainable use of the ocean room

- Enhance growth potentials in all marine areas
- Blue jobs through optimal use of marine resources

Blue technology innovation





Marine Base Maps: Many Users

A Coastal Area Full of Possibilities



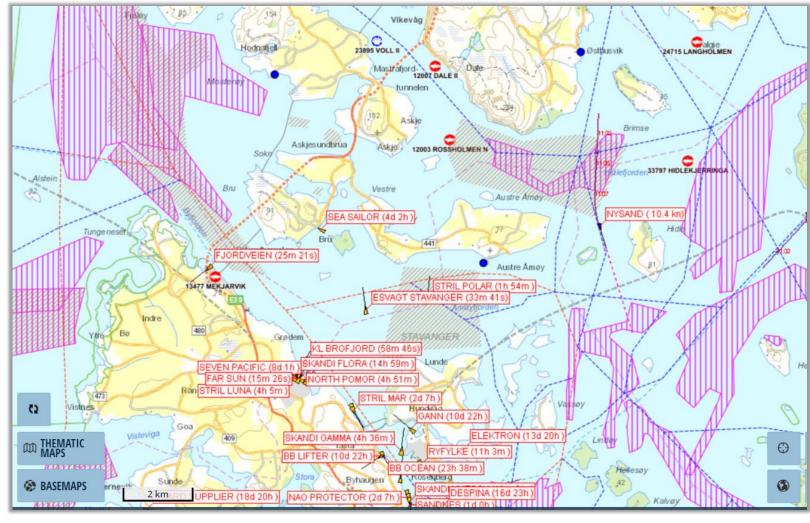


- Many users, many conflicts, growing pressures
- Possibilities...
 - for new industry
 - for co-existence

What really lies underneath. . . ?

- Needed
 - new knowledge of the marine environment
 - easy access to this knowledge base





Many conflicts, growing pressures

The Dilemma for Area Planners

- Allocation of "space" for new possibilities
- Optimization of existing "space"
- Knowledge gap

Why Marine Base Maps?



Coastal Mapping:

- New knowledge of underwater landscape and conditions
- No coordinated data collection and publishing of marine data
- Will take many years to achieve with today's processes

Knowledge based decision making:

- Conflict reduction / identification of compatible uses
- Improve capacity to plan for new activities
- Efficient allocation and sustainable use of «space»

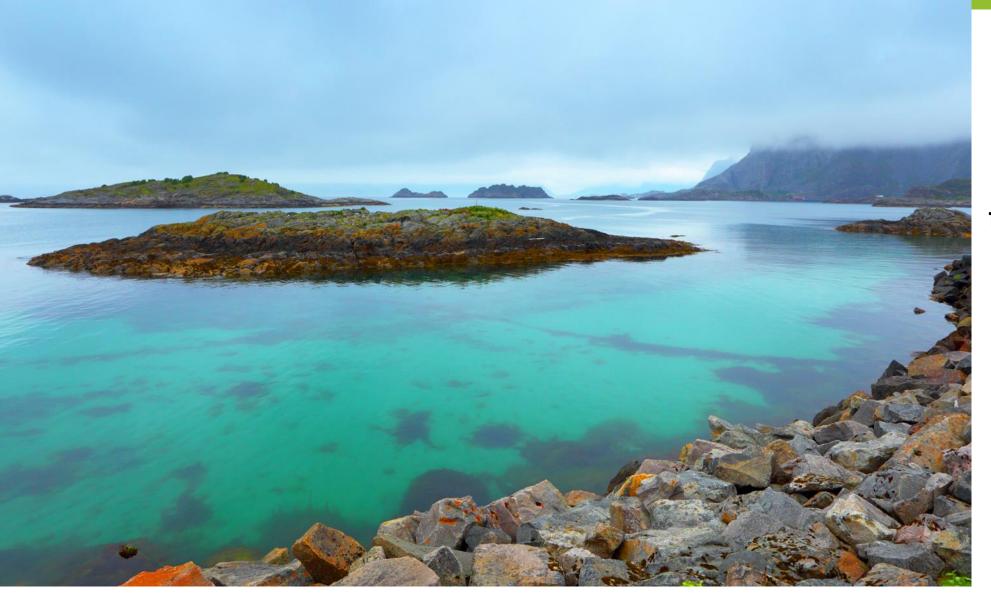


Marine Base Maps Project

- Submitted investment proposal to Ministry of Local Government and Modernization
- 3 pilot areas identified national programme
- Methods development. Will test new technology
- Standardized set of products
 - Themed according to tasks / user type
 - Datasets, digital maps, services (WMS, WFS, WCS) and statistics
 WPS
 - Self –service: combine and create own unique marine base maps
 - INSPIRE compliant
- Easy access and FREE on national geodata portal
- Easy to use across competence levels and platforms
- 2 years timeline from data collection to products. Product rolled out as it becomes available



Testing new technology at Runde, June 2017. Photo: Arild Hareide/Runde Environment Centre



Build synergy / streamline processes

Shorter production times

Methods development

It's a cooperation!

We will map the coast from the shoreline out to one nautical mile

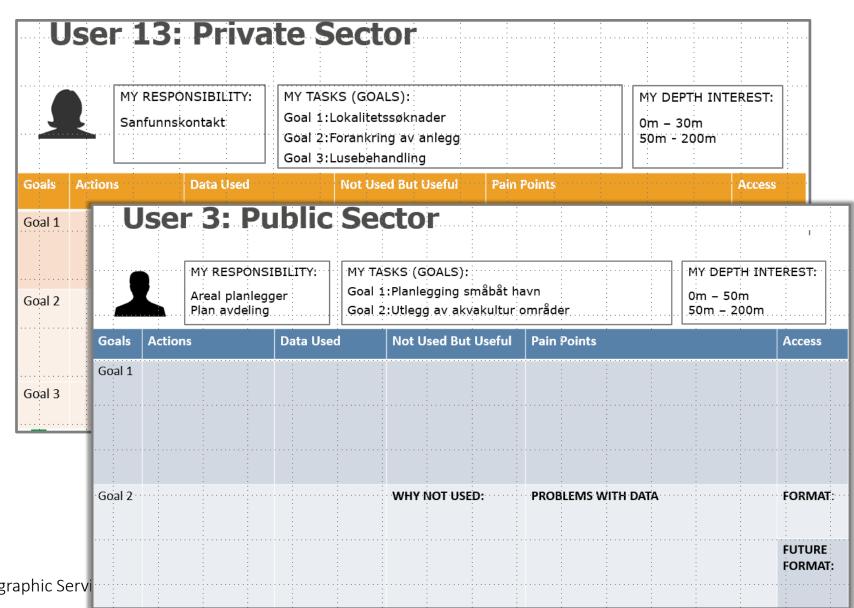




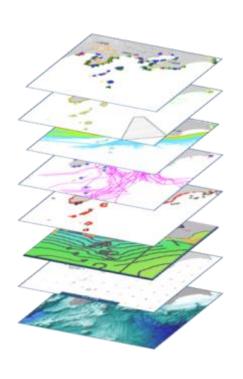


User Needs Assessment

- Various workshops with stakeholders
- Understand work flow and data needs to accomplish tasks



Marine Base Maps Project: Some Products



Kartverket

Base products:

- Bathymetry
- Backscatter processed
- Water column
- Water level and tidal info

Derivatives:

- Terrain models
- Shadded relief

Geological Survey

Base products:

- Bottom types
- Sediments
- Landscapes and landforms
- Environmental chemistry and pollution

Derivatives:

- Bottom field maps
- Anchorage conditions
- Marine Diggability

Institute of Marine Research

Base products:

- Marine habitats
- Waves and Currents
- Salinity & Temperature

Derivatives:

Marine protected areas

Pilot Area: New Stavanger Municipality

Goal: Increase seafood production
Reduce existing conflicts/opportunities for co-existence/new areas for seafood production





13 Øst-Finnmark

12 Vest-Finnmar

11 Kvaløya til Loppa

Pilot Area: North Sunnmøre

Goal: Blue jobs
Inter-municipality coastal zone planning /identify potential areas for job creation



Pilot Area: Troms- Skjervøy/Kvænangen Municipalities

Goal: Maintain lead in seafood production and export Sustainable growth / new knowledge of area's suitability for fishing, aquaculture and other seafood



Socio-economic Effects

- The baseline for increased employment and value creation along the coast
- Knowledge-based management, better quality in decisions
- Baseline for targeted, sustainable environmental protection fewer conflicts in the coastal zone
- Fewer accidents at sea saved lives and costs for society
- Socio economic analysis of the 3 pilot areas shows NOK 80 mil investment will yield NOK 150 mil in benefits + 250 new jobs (1300km2)

Other Examples



- Inter-municipal planning Hareid, Herøy,
 Ulstein, Vanylven and Sande municipalities.
 Cost savings:
 Saved one year's man hours in each
 municipality
- Attracted blue tech and research companies to the region
- The Rovdefjord project. An interregional coastal highway between Bergen and Ålesund in western Norway replacing two ferry connections across the fjord. Cost savings:
 - 1. Feasibility phase: NOK 1 mil.
 - 2. Project execution: NOK 2 mil.



Thank you for your attention. Minika Ekanem

Investing In The Future

