







Seafloor observatories

TEMPO ecological module

EMSO-Azores 2010-...

Mid-Atlantic Ridge Tour Eiffel, Lucky Strike (1700 m)



Juan de Fuca Ridge Grotto, Main Endeavour (2200 m)



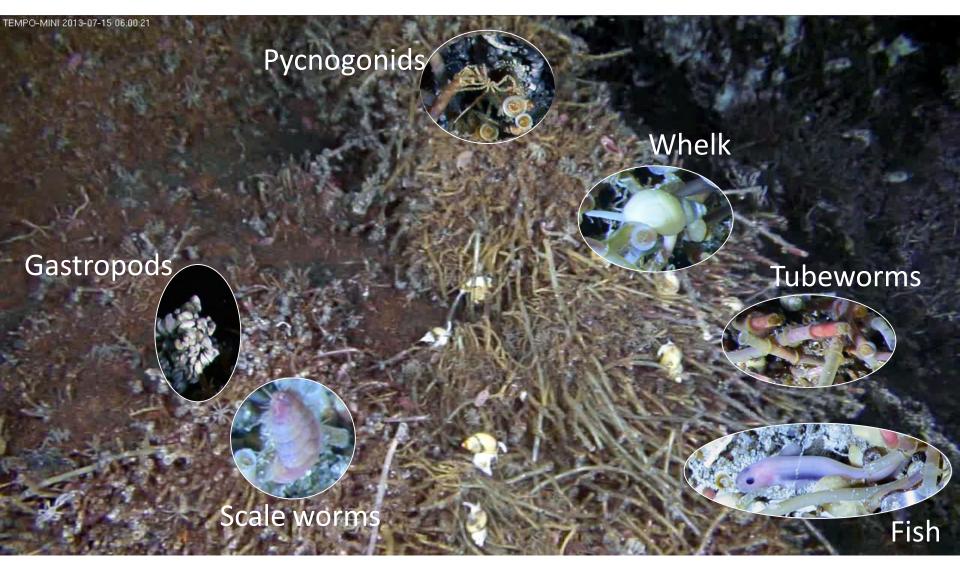
Imagery 2 min/6 hrs/365 days



Imagery 20 min/4 hrs/365 days



Annotate visible inhabitants





Annotate visible inhabitants





Imagery archive

780 video hours/year...

> 5000 video hours (> 10 Tb)

20 work hours to annotate 1 video hour

...more than 11 years to annotate the present whole dataset (which increases every year)!

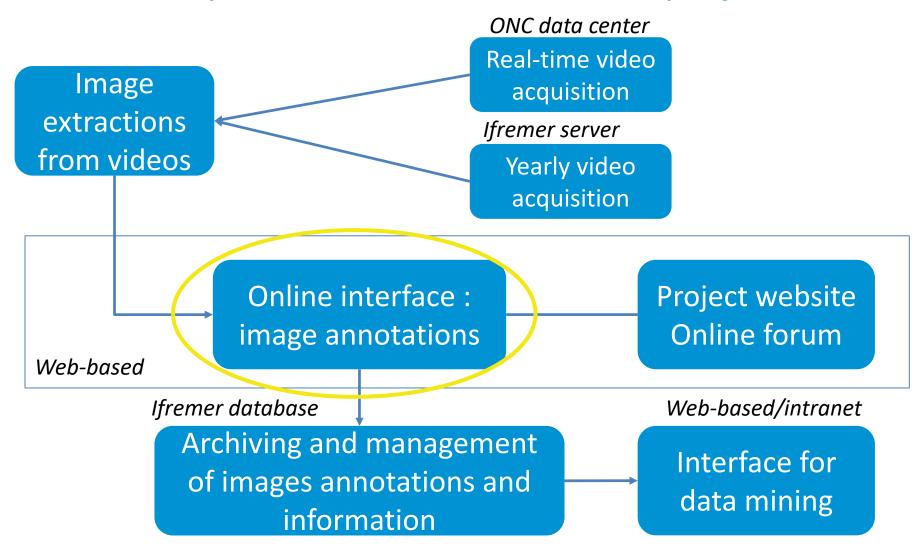


To proceed such a video archive scientists need the help of citizen





Development of a citizen science project



The annotation system - Deep Sea Spy



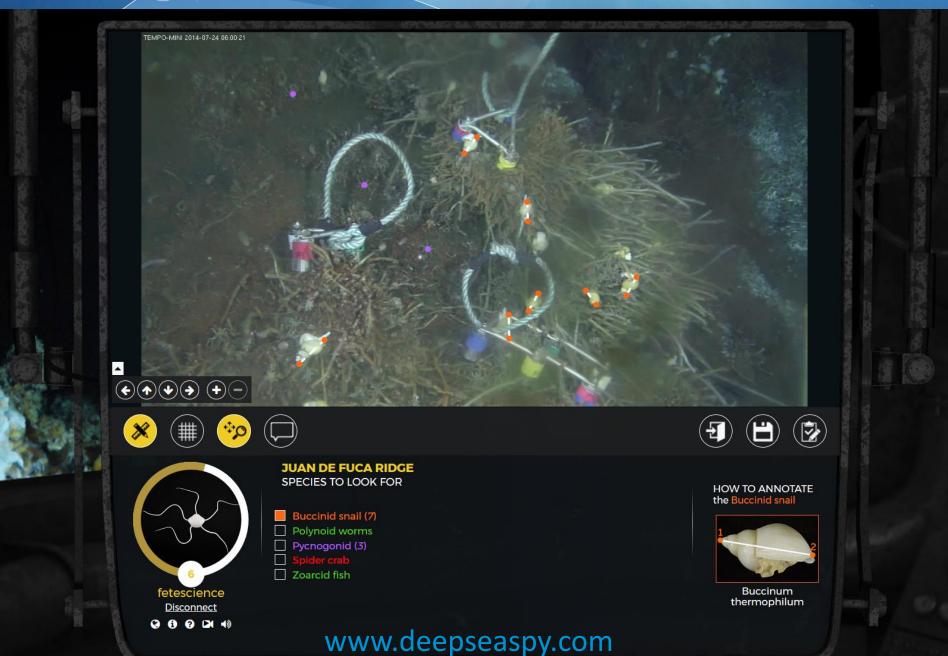
A web-based application to annotate species

- A web-based software for manual image processing that will help gather useful information for scientists
- A fun and engaging interface to raise awareness among the general public to deep-sea ecosystems
 - → Available online (internet)
 - → Built as a game
 - → Tutorial
 - → Levels (and virtual rewards)
 - → Data stored in pixels



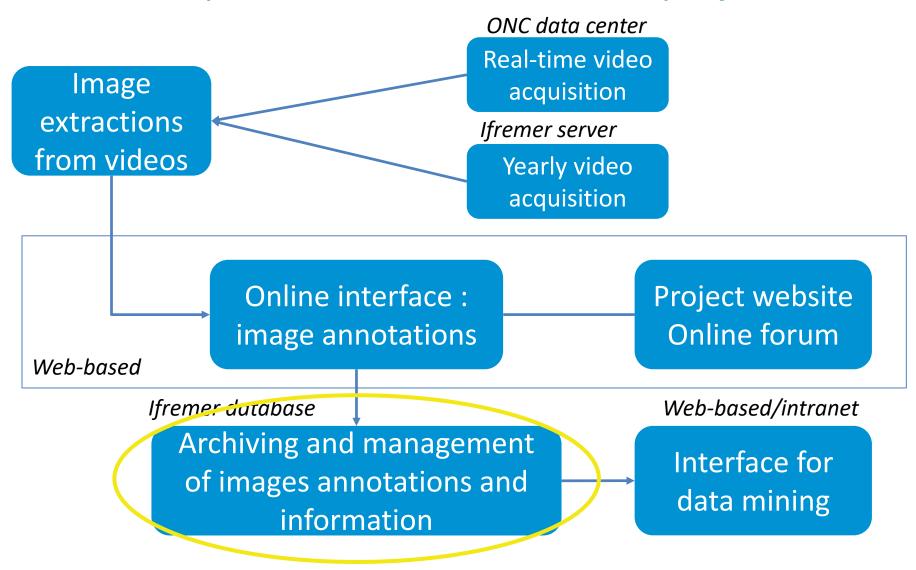
The annotation system - Deep Sea Spy





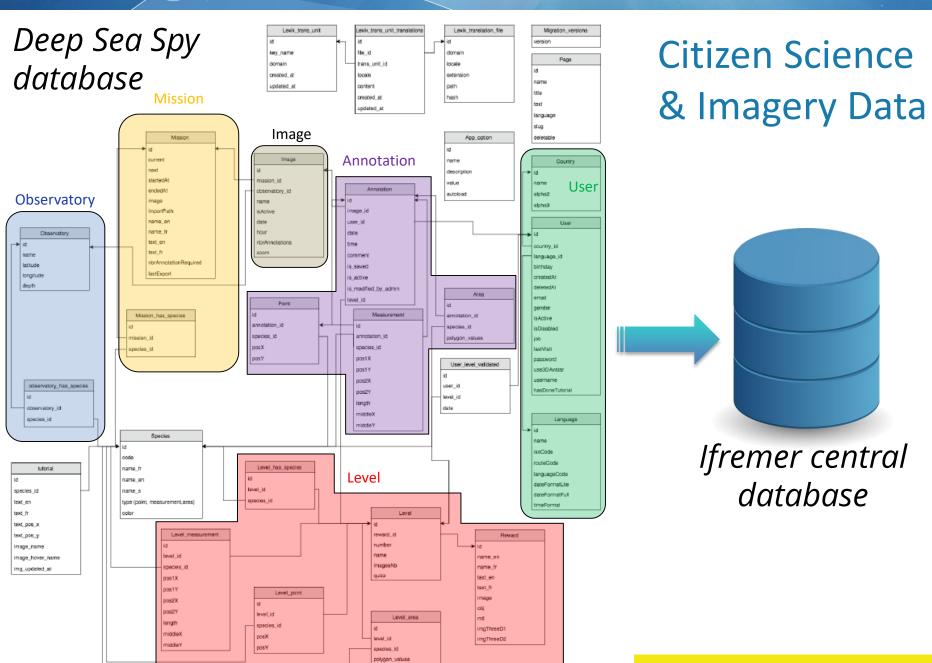


Development of a citizen science project



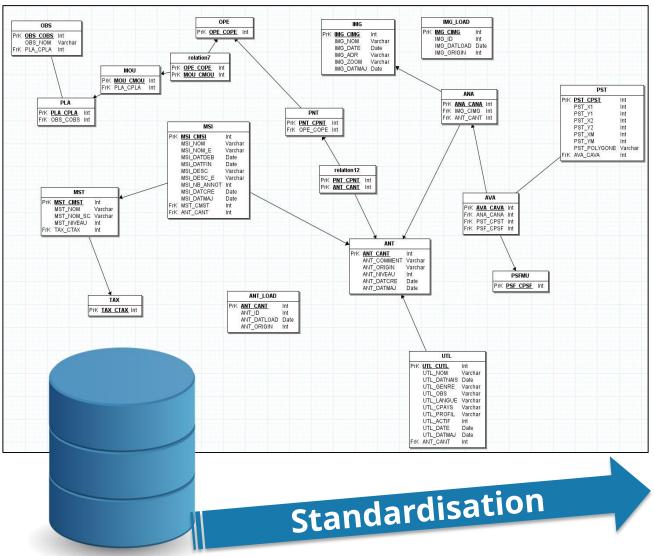
The data management





The data management





Citizen Science & Imagery Data

Taxonomy

Ifremer/WorMS

Parameters

SeaDataNet P01 vocabulary library

LGPIXEL1

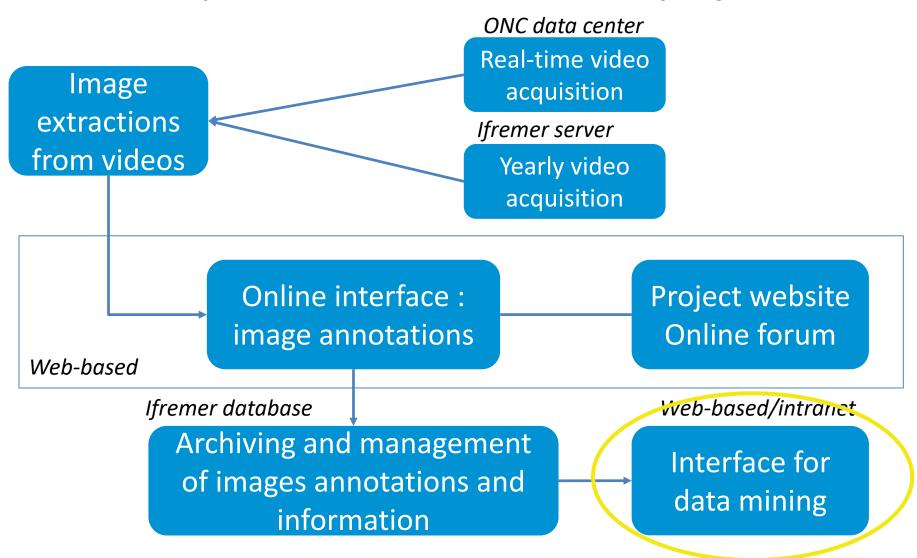
Length (in digital image) of biological entity specified elsewhere

Ifremer central database

The query system - DSS Request



Development of a citizen science project



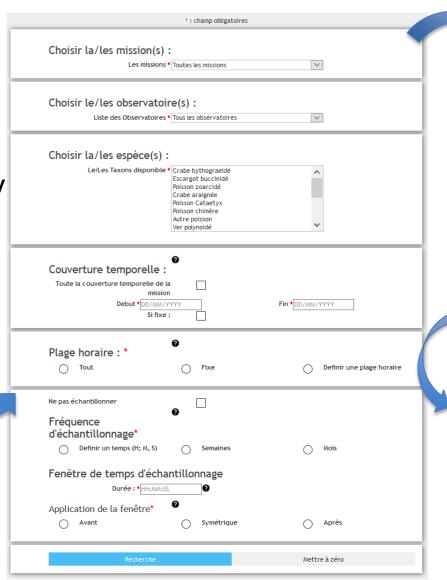
The query system - DSS Request



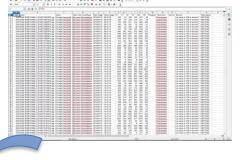
A web-based application to search DSS data

Selection:

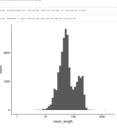
- Mission
- Observatory
- Time
- Species



CSV file export



R import & further statistical analyses



(habitats mapping, ecological studies...)

Perspectives



- Thanks to the resulting Deep Sea Spy database, help improving the algorithms necessary to produce accurate automated species detection in imagery using a machine learning approach
- Share the system with other Ifremer imagery data types (coastal environment, fisheries...)
- Take advantage of elasticsearch features to enhance searching and exploring the Deep Sea Spy dataset (through DSS Request)
- Aim at later uptake of imagery data by an international data infrastructure?



Thank you to all the colleagues who contributed to this project...



... and thank you all for your attention!









